

BRAKE® F16

Herbicide

SPECIMEN



GROUP 12, 14 HERBICIDES

Preemergent herbicide for use in cotton to control pigweed

Active Ingredients

fluridone:

1-methyl-3-phenyl-5-[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]-4(1H)-pyridinone 11.70%

sodium salt of fomesafen:

5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-(methylsulfonyl)-2-nitrobenzamide... 14.61%

Other Ingredients 73.69%

TOTAL 100.00%

Equivalent to 1.2 pounds fluridone and 1.5 pounds fomesafen active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER/PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Danger. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional Precautionary Information and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

NOTICE: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* statements inside label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once, unopened.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

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EPA Reg. No. 67690-75
FPL20170127

This product contains fomesafen which has been determined to cause tumors in laboratory animals (mice). Risks can be reduced by closely following use directions and precautions and by wearing the protective clothing specified elsewhere on this label.

Danger. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants or coveralls worn over short sleeved shirt and pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves;
- Shoes plus socks; and
- Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial use only. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

Groundwater Advisory

One or more of the pesticides in this product is known to leach through soil into groundwater, under certain conditions, as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to spray drift and runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of this product from runoff water and sediment. While at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation is recommended after application, runoff of this product should be avoided and will be reduced by avoiding applications when runoff-producing rainfall is expected to occur within 48 hours. See the manual for "Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses" at the following internet address: <http://www.wsi.nrcs.usda.gov/products/W2Q/pest/core4.html>.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Ensure spray drift to non-target species does not occur.

Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

FIRST AID

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| If in eyes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If swallowed | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything to an unconscious person. |
| If on skin or clothing | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If inhaled | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice |

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call **INFOTRAC** at **1-800-535-5053**.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Keep Out of Reach of Children DANGER/PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053.

In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:

- Your local doctor for immediate treatment; • Your local poison control center (hospital);
- INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053.

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

- Dike and contain the spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for disposal.
- Remove contaminated clothing, and wash affected skin areas with soap and water.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Keep the spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), restricted-entry interval, and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long-pants or coveralls worn over short sleeved shirt and pants;
- Chemical resistant gloves;
- Shoes plus socks; and
- Protective eyewear.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product is a selective preemergent herbicide for use in cotton to control pigweed (e.g. *Palmer amaranth*). This product is also active on a range of annual grass and small seeded broadleaf weeds. This product may be applied as preplant or preemergent surface application in coarse, medium or fine textured soils. Herbicidal symptoms of this product appear as white (chlorotic) or pink growing points in susceptible plant species. Cotton is tolerant to applications of this product when applied according to the label. Some crinkling or spotting on cotton foliage or stunting may occur, especially if heavy rainfall occurs during or soon after cotton emergence, but cotton plants normally outgrow these effects and develop normally.

Use Restrictions

- Do not apply by air.
- Chemigation: Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply more than 21 fluid ounces of this product per acre per year (equivalent to 0.20 pounds fluridone/acre; 0.25 pounds fomesafen/acre).
- Apply prior to planting or prior to emergence of cotton. **DO NOT apply this product over the top of cotton plants as cotton injury will likely occur.** Due to the potential for crop injury, tank mixing or use of this product with any other product containing fomesafen shall be at the exclusive risk of the user, applicator and/or application adviser. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.
- At rates of 16 fluid ounces per acre or more of this product, DO NOT tank-mix this product with other products containing fomesafen as cotton injury may occur.
- Do not apply more than 0.375 lb. of fomesafen (active ingredient), per acre per year from all sources, if other products containing fomesafen are used during the season.
- Organic fertilizer must be incorporated into soil prior to application of this product to the soil surface.

Geographic Restrictions

- This product may be applied in the following states or portion of states: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida (except Miami-Dade County), Georgia,

Kansas (all counties East of or intersected by U.S. Highway 281), Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma (East of U.S. Highway 75 and East of Indian Nation Parkway), South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas (includes area East of U.S. Highway 77 to State Road 239 including all of Calhoun County), and Virginia. User is responsible for confirming product registration in their state of use.

- In Kansas: Do not apply more than a maximum of 0.25 lbs fomesafen per acre from any source, in any 2 year period.
- In Virginia: Do not apply more than a maximum of 0.375 lbs fomesafen per acre from any source, in any 2 year period.
- In Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee do not apply to medium and fine textured soils. Do not apply more than 16 ounces per acre on coarse soils. Refer to Table 2 for description of soil types.

Use Precautions

- Thoroughly clean the spray system with water and a suitable tank cleaner before and after each use.
- To provide adequate coverage, it is recommended that ground speed not exceed 10 mph during application.
- Avoid overlapping spray swaths as injury may occur to rotational crops.

Rotational Crop Restrictions

This product may persist in the soil past the cotton growing season. To avoid difficulties in establishing rotational crops, the following restrictions in Table 1 must be followed:

| Table 1. Rotational crop restrictions for Brake F16. | |
|--|---|
| Crop to be planted | Minimum rotation interval (months after last Brake F16 application) |
| Application rate of 16 fluid ounces or less Brake F16 per acre | |
| Cotton | 0 |
| Soybean | 2 |
| Wheat, barley, and rye | 8 ¹ |
| Corn ² , sorghum ² (except Kansas and Virginia), peanut, and rice | 10 |
| Sweet potato | 12 |
| Alfalfa, sunflower, sorghum (Kansas and Virginia), and crops in the Solanaceae family (e.g. peppers, tobacco and tomatoes) | 18 |
| Application rates between 16 and 21 fluid ounces Brake F16 per acre | |
| Cotton | 0 |
| Soybean | 4 |
| Wheat, barley, rye, peanut, and rice | 8 |
| Sweet potato | 12 |
| Corn and sorghum (except Kansas and Virginia) | 15 |
| Alfalfa, sunflower, sorghum (Kansas and Virginia), and crops in the Solanaceae family (e.g. peppers, tobacco and tomatoes) | 18 |

¹ If used as a cover crop (i.e. will not be harvested), wheat, barley, and rye may be planted 5 months after the last Brake F16 application if no more than 16 fluid ounces per acre were applied. Minor chlorosis and stunting of the small grains may occur, especially if heavy rainfall occurs during or soon after emergence, but plants typically outgrow these effects and develop normally.

² Minor chlorosis and stunting of corn and sorghum may occur, especially if heavy rainfall occurs during or soon after emergence, but plants typically outgrow these effects and develop normally.

- If this product is used for two consecutive years in the same field, only plant cotton, peanut or sweet potato the following year in those fields.
- In the event of poor cotton stand due to adverse weather or other circumstances, a field treated with this product may be replanted with cotton following light tillage or planted in the undisturbed soil. During replanting, minimum tillage is recommended to preserve the herbicide barrier for effective weed control.
- If a field needs to be replanted with cotton due to poor stand or stand failure, do not apply a second application of this product, or other products containing fomesafen, as crop injury or illegal residues may occur. If tank-mix combinations were initially used, refer to product labels for any additional replanting instruction.
- Follow the crop rotation intervals specified in Table 1. For any crop not specifically listed in Table 1, do not replant for at least 18 months in fields treated with this product, as crop injury may occur.
- Over-application may result in crop injury or injury to rotational crops. Avoid overlapping spray swaths, as injury may occur to rotational crops.
- Do not graze rotated small grain crops or harvest forage or straw for livestock.

MIXING AND APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply this product evenly and uniformly to the soil surface with a minimum spray solution of 10 gallons per acre. Fill spray tank partially full with water (e.g. ½ full). Start agitation. Add correct quantity of this product. Maintain continuous agitation while filling spray tank to required volume and during application. Do not stop agitation prior to or during application. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's volume and pressure recommendations for preplant surface or preemergence applications. Uniform spray coverage is essential for good efficacy.

Tank-Mix Directions

This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to enhance efficacy and plant selectivity provided that the labels for this product and the tank-mix partner do not prohibit such mixing. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. **Due to the many herbicide formulations available and to ensure compatibility, ALWAYS conduct a jar test before field application of any tank-mix combination.**

Do not tank-mix this product with herbicides containing pendimethalin (e.g. Prowl®) or trifluralin (e.g. Treflan®). Do not allow tank mixed material to sit in the spray tank for extended periods of time prior to application (e.g. overnight).

NOTE: Tank-mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be at the exclusive risk of the user, applicator and/or application adviser, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Spray Additives and Fertilizers: No adjuvants are needed for application of this product. However, if this product is part of a tank-mix that includes a burndown herbicide or combination, follow label use directions for the adjuvant/surfactant and other herbicides used in the tank-mix. Conduct a jar test before mixing this product with any other product to ensure compatibility. **Do not mix this product with spray adjuvants or drift control agents containing polyacrylamide, or fertilizers containing sulfur.**

Soil Preparation – Start Weed Free

This product will not control established weeds. It is important to **start weed free** by controlling all existing weeds prior to and/or during this product application. Depending on the type of tillage, established weeds could be covered with soil and shielded from exposure to the burndown herbicide. Therefore, for best results, apply burndown herbicides 24 to 96 hours prior to cultivation in conventional and strip tillage systems. Depending on environmental conditions, tillage can also disturb the seed bank and cause more weeds to germinate. Therefore, it is recommended to tank-mix this product with a burndown herbicide, such as Gramoxone® (active ingredient paraquat labeled for use in cotton), at the time of planting. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Spray Drift Management

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and/or grower must consider the interaction of equipment and weather-related factors to ensure that the potential for drift to sensitive nontarget plants is minimal. Brake F16 may only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas). Avoid drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Other crop species may be severely injured by drift. Do not apply under circumstances where possible drift can occur to unprotected persons or to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. All application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers. For all applications, wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site, on the upwind side, immediately prior to application. Do not apply when wind speed is greater than 15 MPH or during periods of temperature inversions. Do not apply when weather conditions, wind speed, or wind direction may cause spray drift to non-target areas.

APPLICATION RATES

Apply this product as a preplant surface or preemergence application. Refer to Table 2 for specific rates by soil type. Use the lower rates in soils where weed pressure is low and the higher rates in soils where weed pressure is

heavy. Application of this product to soils with high clay content may require higher rates. Application of this product to soils with high organic matter (e.g. >3%) may result in reduced efficacy.

| Soil Texture | Fluid ounces/acre ¹ | Application Method |
|--|--------------------------------|---|
| Coarse (sand, sandy loam, loamy sand, loam, or sandy clay loam) | 11 to 16 fluid ounces | Preemergence; or preplant up to 14 days prior to planting |
| Medium (silt loam, silt, silty clay loam ²) | | |
| Fine (clay loam, silty clay, clay) | | |
| All Soil Types | 16.1 to 21 fluid ounces | Preplant up to 14 days prior to planting ³ |

¹ Do not apply more than 21 fluid ounces per acre. Longevity of control is dependent on many factors such as soil type, moisture, and application rate. Lower rates will reduce length of preemergent weed control. Rates less than 16 ounces are only recommended as preemergent applications in Enlist®, Xtendflex®, and Liberty Link® trait based systems.

² Silty clay loam is a transitional soil and may be classified as medium or fine.

³ Refer to section below on Preplant Surface Applications.

Band Application

This product may be applied as a banded application. When this product is applied on a band, calculate the amount of herbicide and water volume needed for band treatment by the following formulas:

$$\frac{\text{Band width in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}} \times \frac{\text{Broadcast rate}}{\text{per acre}} = \text{Band herbicide rate per acre}$$

$$\frac{\text{Band width in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}} \times \frac{\text{Broadcast volume}}{\text{per acre}} = \text{Band water volume per acre}$$

Band width must not exceed 50% (one-half) the cotton row width. Best coverage is obtained with a minimum of two nozzles, one directed to each side of the planted row. Application with a single nozzle directed over the top of the row is suitable for preemergence applications. Cultivation of untreated areas may be needed following band applications.

Resistance Management

This product contains both a Group 12 and Group 14 herbicide. These active ingredients, from different target site of action Groups, are combined in this product for improved weed control and resistance management practices. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Group 12 or 14 herbicides.

Combining active ingredients is one way to delay development of herbicide resistance. However, weed species with acquired resistance to Group 12 or 14 may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 12 or 14 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by this product or other Group 12 or 14 herbicides.

Do not make more than two consecutive annual applications of this product. After the second year's application, use an alternative herbicide with a different target site of action and effective in controlling the weeds of concern the following year.

To delay herbicide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of this product and other target site of action Group 12 or 14 herbicides that have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species;
- Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program;
- Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy and treat weed escapes immediately with another group herbicide - start weed free and stay weed free;
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes;
- Consulting your agricultural dealer, consultant, applicator, and/or appropriate state agricultural extension service representative for specific alternative cultural practices or herbicide recommendations available in your area.
- Contacting a SePRO Corporation company representative for further information or to report suspected resistance.

Integrated Pest Management

This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

APPLICATION METHODS

Germinating weeds can be controlled by soil residual activity from either preplant surface or preemergence applications of this product in no till, strip or conventional tillage situations.

Preemergence Applications

Apply this product as a preemergence treatment to coarse, medium or fine textured soils at a rate of 11 to 16 fluid ounces/acre. Lower rates will reduce length of preemergent weed control. For best results, apply behind the planter (i.e. at planting) or within 36 hours after planting. **Do not apply more than 16 fluid ounces per acre as crop injury may occur.** Moisture is necessary to activate this product in soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following applications of this product may reduce effectiveness. For improved weed control, a minimum of 0.5 inches of rain or overhead irrigation is recommended following application.

Preplant Surface Applications

This product may be applied as preplant surface application in coarse, medium or fine textured soils up to 14 days before planting. Apply after the last tillage operation is completed. For preplant surface applications in medium or fine-textured soils at 16 to 21 fluid ounces/acre, a minimum of 0.5 inch of rainfall or overhead irrigation must occur before planting cotton; cotton must be planted at least 0.75 inches in depth; and the seedbed must not be disturbed or re-worked following application.

Controlling Early Weed Escapes

DO NOT use this product as a stand-alone herbicide. This product must be used as part of a comprehensive weed control program. Weeds may escape control prior to this product being activated by moisture. **A postemergent application within 18 days after planting that includes glyphosate, glufosinate, or other postemergent herbicide that is effective at controlling the target weed and compatible with the cotton variety, combined with a residual herbicide (e.g. Warrant® or Dual Magnum®), IS REQUIRED to control early germinating weeds and to overlap residual herbicides.** The purpose of overlapping residual herbicides during postemergent applications is to eliminate all weed escapes for a zero-tolerance approach. Aggressive scouting is recommended and, when necessary, use secondary postemergent applications including a residual herbicide. Depending on the frequency of weed escapes, standard post-directed or layby herbicide applications are also recommended, when necessary, in addition to other cultural practices. **Only use herbicides that are compatible with the cotton variety being grown.** If uncertain, contact a local extension agent or crop consultant to verify herbicide tolerance for different cotton varieties.

The Brake F16 Preemergence Four-Step System: Start Weed Free. Stay Weed Free.

1. Pre-plant burndown and/or cultivate;
2. Apply this product at-plant or within 36 hours of planting with a burndown herbicide;
3. Postemergent application of a herbicide containing glyphosate, glufosinate, or other postemergent herbicide that is effective at controlling the target weed and compatible with the cotton variety, combined with a residual herbicide within 18 days after planting; and
4. Scout and utilize postemergent and layby applications with overlapping residuals as needed (See specific directions for Roundup Ready® varieties below).

Roundup Ready (glyphosate tolerant) Cotton Varieties

When planting varieties of cotton that are tolerant to Roundup® (glyphosate), any escape of glyphosate resistant weeds will not be controlled with a postemergent application of glyphosate. **Thus, the use of overlapping residual herbicides is required to maintain adequate control of glyphosate-resistant weeds in such systems and to minimize the potential for weed seeds to germinate and become established.** For best results, follow a comprehensive weed management program with timely applications of overlapping residual herbicides, such as the integrated herbicide program in Table 3. POST 1 – Application containing a glyphosate and a residual herbicide within 18 days after planting. POST 2 - Second postemergence application containing an additional residual herbicide within

18 days after the POST 1 application. LAYBY – Application containing a residual herbicide within 18 days after the POST 2 application. Additional applications may be necessary depending on environmental conditions and weed pressure. The timely application of overlapping residuals in the postemergent program is critical for a zero-tolerance weed strategy in Roundup Ready systems and to reduce the chances of glyphosate-weeds becoming established. In areas of high weed pressure and under conditions that favor weed emergence, apply postemergent applications following a shorter interval (e.g. 12 days).

| PRE Plant | PRE Emergence | POSTEMERGENCE ¹ | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | POST 1 (within 18 days after PRE) | POST 2 (within 18 days after POST 1) | LAYBY (within 18 days after POST 2) |
| Start Clean (burndown and/or tillage) | Brake F16 16 fl oz/A + burndown | Glyphosate + Staple® LX | Glyphosate + Warrant® or Dual Magnum® | Diuron + MSMA |

¹ It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Keep from freezing. Store in original container only.

Do not store near feed or foodstuffs. In case of leak or spill, use absorbent materials to contain liquids and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from use of this product may be used according to label directions or disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling

Nonfillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity ≤ 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Warranty Disclaimer: SePRO Corporation warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the product label. Testing and research have also determined that this product is reasonably fit for the uses described on the product label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SePRO Corporation makes no other express or implied warranty of fitness or merchantability nor any other express or implied warranty and any such warranties are expressly disclaimed.

Misuse: Federal law prohibits the use of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label directions. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the buyer assumes responsibility for any adverse consequences if this product is not used according to its label directions. In no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for any losses or damages resulting from the use, handling or application of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label.

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